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Official Voice of Academic College of Emergency Experts (ACEE)

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An INDUSEM Undertaking

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# From the Editor's desk... Hello Doctors.

This newsletter edition is a common sight lately, prompting me to tackle the unspoken issue, addressing the elephant in the room that we often shy away from discussing, whether consciously or not. We know that emergency medicine stands as a relatively youthful and dynamic specialty, with a history spanning approximately 50 years and above in the US and UK, while in India, it gained recognition as a distinct field only in 2009 - an uncommon occurrence in the realm of medical specialties. Globally, the concept of emergency department and care systems still remains in nascent stages of development. Despite it's pivotal role in medical system, emergency medicine is unfortunately renowned for its high incidence of burn-out.

Various scientific, psychological, and statistical approaches have been explored to understand address and mitigate burn-out rates among emergency physicians. Burn-out manifests as a combination of psychological, physical, and behavioral symptoms stemming from the workplace environment. The prevailing discourse surrounding physician burn-out, which is increasingly prevalent across medical systems, highlights emergency medicine as particularly susceptible to this phenomenon. Several key factors contribute to this trend:

Typically, it is because many institutes have extremely few qualified Emergency Medicine Physicians, while the rest of the people who are working in that setting are not well-trained, resulting in an imbalance where the burdened few are tasked with shouldering responsibilities meant for a team which eventually becomes physically, mentally and later on psychologically overwhelming for these few overburdened Emergency Physician. ER or the emergency department is compulsorily all about teamwork & can never be a 'one man show', collaboration and teamwork is intrinsic to effective emergency care. A well equipped team of skilled doctors, trained nurses and support staff is the bare minimum need of an ER, along with high quality instruments, machinery and a proper emergency care system, which is an undeniable fact. The absence of such resources exacerbates stress and exhaustion, fostering these symptoms of burn-out.

Furthermore, the emergency department is being excessively utilized and relied upon by the system. Ironic but true, Burn-out is nothing else but System failure. Referring to burn out as a mere individual issue is misguided and mischaracterizes it's root cause, which

lies in systemic deficiencies rather than individual shortcomings. The terminology we use shapes our perception; labeling it as burnout often places undue blame on the individual.

Instead, we must recognize it as a consequence of systemic shortcomings within the healthcare environment. The solutions, which a lot of 'the burn-out literatures' talk about include suggestions such as medical personnels need to work on themselves, need to spend more time with their family & peers and need to sleep and exercise etc., but we're not suffering from meditation-penia or lack of deep-breathing, what we are suffering from is abuse. We operate within an environment characterized by chaos, complexity, and an onslaught of demands - a veritable perfect storm that breeds burn-out. Burn-out, in this context, represents a natural and inevitable physiological response to the relentless pressures of our work environment. It's imperative to acknowledge this reality and advocate for systemic changes to alleviate the burden on healthcare professionals.

The way forward is to look at it properly and to address its real cause. Implementing specialized training programs and refining emergency care systems are essential steps towards alleviating burn-out. Comprehensive training for medical professionals, coupled with the establishment of standardized emergency protocols, can mitigate workplace stressors. The emergency system is a lot of things, but the healthcare system tends to use it as an extra overflow catchment area, like a band-aid, it uses it to fix the holes in the system.

Recognizing the emergency department's multifaceted role beyond a mere overflow facility is crucial. The emergency department functions as the linchpin of hospital operations, the hospital's economic and clinical nucleus, serving as the central hub for patient intake, diagnostic evaluations, and urgent interventions. It plays a pivotal role in triaging, assessing, stabilizing, and diagnosing patients promptly, facilitating timely medical management and reducing the risk of diagnostic errors or treatment delays.

To address burn-out among emergency medical personnel, systemic reforms are essential for effecting meaningful change. The emergency department serves as both the economic and patient safety engine of the hospital, necessitating a concerted effort to address its operational challenges. By fostering a supportive environment and implementing systemic reforms, we can mitigate burnout and ensure the sustained well-being of emergency medical personnel while optimizing patient care outcomes.

## **Dynamic Career in Emergency Medicine**

Emergency Medicine offers a diverse range of career prospects, including working in hospital emergency departments, urgent care centers, academic institutions, government agencies, and international organizations. With the increasing demand for emergency medical services globally, there are ample opportunities for career growth, specialization, research, and leadership roles within the field. Additionally, Emergency Medicine physicians can pursue fellowships in various subspecialties such as toxicology, pediatric emergency medicine, critical care, sports medicine, and disaster medicine, further enhancing their career prospects. Apart from these some of the least explored career pathways by emergency physician includes Cruise Physician doctors, Moutaineering Physician, pre-hospital settings like air ambulances or helicopters.

As a cruise ship doctor, you can enjoy a unique and diverse career with opportunities for professional growth and travel. Your role involves providing medical care to passengers and crew, managing medical facilities onboard, responding to emergencies, and collaborating with other medical staff.

Career prospects include advancement to senior medical positions within cruise lines, such as Chief Medical Officer or Medical Director. Additionally, you may transition to land-based positions in occupational or travel medicine, telemedicine, public health, or hospital administration. Your experience as a



cruise ship doctor can also open doors to opportunities in medical education, research, or consulting related to maritime health and safety. With approximate remuneration of 10000\$ per month and opertunity to travel the world while you practice medicine is very tempting. However, lonliness and difficult to adapt to the new environment might make it challenging for some people.

Adrenaline junkies doctors can Combine e mergency medicine with mountaineering medicine opening up exciting career prospects. You could work as a high-altitude or wilderness medicine specialist, providing medical care to climbers, trekkers, and outdoor

enthusiasts in remote and challenging environments. This field offers opportunities to work with expeditions, adventure travel companies, search and rescue teams, and mountain guiding services.

Career paths may include roles as medical directors for expeditions or outdoor programs, instructors for wilderness medicine courses, consultants for gear manufacturers or outdoor organizations, or researchers studying the effects of altitude and extreme environments on the human body. Additionally, you could contribute to organizations focused on improving safety standards and medical protocols in mountaineering and outdoor recreation. Overall, combining emergency medicine with mountaineering medicine offers a dynamic and rewarding career with opportunities for adventure, exploration, and making a meaningful impact on public health and safety in extreme environments.



A career in air ambulance medicine for emergency physicians offers diverse and rewarding opportunities. As an air ambulance physician, you would provide critical care and medical expertise during air transport of patients in emergency situations. This role involves working closely with flight crews, paramedics, and other medical professionals to stabilize and care for patients during transport.

Career prospects include working for air ambulance companies, hospital-based flight programs, government agencies, or international organizations involved in medical evacuations and disaster response. Additionally, you could pursue leadership positions within air ambulance services, such as medical director or flight physician team leader.

Moreover, air ambulance physicians often have opportunities for research

and education in aeromedical medicine, contributing to advancements in patient care during air transport. Overall, a career in air ambulance medicine offers the chance to combine emergency medicine expertise with the unique challenges and rewards of providing medical care in the air.

Emergency Medicine Physicians are the trained leaders whose dynamic skills make the difficult tasks look easier. If we are dedicated, persistent and motivated sky is the limit.



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